

Ernst & Young Audyt Polska spółkazograniczoną odpowiedzialnością sp. k. Rondo ONZ 1 00-124 Warszawa

The Polish original should be referred to in matters of interpretation. Translation of auditor's report originally issued in Polish.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT

To the General Meeting and Supervisory Board of Toya S.A.

Audit report on the annual consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the annual consolidated financial statements of Toya S.A. Group (the "Group"), for which the holding company is Toya S.A. (the "Parent Company") located in Wrocław at ul. Sołtysowicka 13/15, containing: the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 and additional information to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2019 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 in accordance with required applicable rules of International Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the European Union and the adopted accounting policies,
- are in respect of the form and content in accordance with legal regulations governing the Group and the Parent Company's Statute.

The opinion is consistent with the additional report to the Audit Committee issued on 26 March 2020.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing in the version adopted as the National Auditing Standards by the National Council of Statutory Auditors ("NAS") and pursuant to the Act of 11 May 2017 on Statutory Auditors, Audit Firms and Public Oversight (the "Act on Statutory Auditors") and the Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities and repealing Commission Decision 2005/909/EC (the "EU Regulation"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report.

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Ernst & Young Audyt Polska spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością sp. k. District Court for the City of Warsaw, Economic Dept. XII of the National Court Register, KRS: 0000481039 Tax Identification Number (NIP): 526-020-79-76



We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of ethics for professional accountants, published by the International Federation of Accountants (the "Code of ethics"), adopted by the National Council of Statutory Auditors and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with required applicable rules of the audit of financial statements in Poland. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of ethics. While conducting the audit, the key certified auditor and the audit firm remained independent of the Group in accordance with the independence requirements set out in the Act on Statutory Auditors and the EU Regulation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. They include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement, including the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we have summarized our reaction to these risks and in cases where we deemed it necessary, we presented the most important observations related to these types of risks. We do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Revenue recognition	Audit approach
The revenue from sales of goods for resale of the Group in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 amounted to PLN 440 million. Revenue recognition from sales of goods for resale requires the Management Board to make a number of assumptions and judgements based on the best knowledge as at the date of preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Complexity of revenue recognition process and requirement to apply judgements is mainly related to estimation of liability for potential returns of payment to customer as of the balance sheet date and assets resulting from customers' right to return goods. Consequently, revenue recognition was assessed as a key audit matter.	We have documented our understanding of the process of revenue recognition, as well as identification and assessment of key control mechanisms, performed testing of these mechanisms and we have assessed Group's accounting policies in regards to revenue recognition. We have performed substantive testing on sample of selected transactions, which included verification of source documentation including: invoices, transport/shipping documents and sales contracts. Our procedures included also analysis of historical data, in particular returns of goods which occurred after the balance sheet date. We reviewed transactions before and after the balance sheet date, as well as credit notes and adjustments issued after the balance



Reference to related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements	sheet date to determine the correctness of the revenue recognition period.
The disclosures about this matter are included in Note 25 "Sales revenue" of the other explanatory notes of the consolidated financial statements.	We have also performed analytical procedures, including margin analysis, analysis of share of rebates in monthly sales and analysis of collection of receivables.
	Furthermore, we have assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in respect to revenue recognition in the other explanatory notes of the consolidated financial statements.
Valuation of inventories	Audit approach
Balance of inventories disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019 amounted to PLN 233 million, and write-down of inventories as of that date amounted to PLN 2.6 million.	We have documented our understanding of the process of analysis, valuation and recognition of inventory write-downs. We have also assessed internal control environment and performed tests of controls in this area.
Valuation of inventories was assessed as a key audit matter for the purpose of audit of the consolidated financial statements, due to the significance of inventories balance in the consolidated statement of financial position and professional judgment required from the Parent Company's Management Board in estimation of write-downs of inventories to net realisable value, which requires significant judgements in relation to assumptions regarding inventory rotation, expected selling prices and expected cost to sell.	Our procedures included, among others, assessment of correctness of assumptions used in measurement of inventories at net realizable value, verification of calculations performed by the Group in this area and assessment of adequacy of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements describing this area, in particular:
	 evaluation of Group's accounting policy in relation to initial recognition and subsequent measurement of inventories, including estimation of impairment write- downs of inventories,
	 analysis of historical data regarding margins realized,



Reference to related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements The disclosures about inventories, including measurement of net value of inventories, are included in Note 13 "Inventories" of the other explanatory notes of the consolidated financial statements.	 analysis of assumptions used by the Group in estimation of write-downs with respect to historical data, through assessment of estimation of realisable net value, observation of inventory stock counts and performing tests verifying accuracy of the stock count procedures, including assessment of whether the goods are still useful for sales,
	 analysis and substantive testing on sample of prices used in goods sales transactions realized after the balance sheet date.
	Furthermore, we have assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in this area in the other explanatory notes of the consolidated financial statements.

Responsibilities of the Parent Company's Management Board and members of the Supervisory Board for the consolidated financial statements

The Parent Company's Management Board is responsible for the preparation, based on properly maintained accounting records, the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position and the consolidated financial performance in accordance with required applicable rules of International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the European Union, the adopted accounting policies and other applicable laws, as well as the Parent Company's Statute, and is also responsible for such internal control as determined is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Parent Company's Management Board is responsible for assessing the Group's (the Parent Company and significant components) ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless The Parent Company's Management Board either intends to liquidate the Group (the holding company or significant components) or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The Parent Company's Management Board and the members of the Parent Company's Supervisory Board are required to ensure that the consolidated financial statements meet the requirements of the Accounting Act dated 29 September 1994 (the "Accounting Act"). The members of the Parent Company's Supervisory Board are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with NAS will always detect material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise as a result of fraud or error and are considered material if it can reasonably be expected that individually or in the aggregate, they could influence the economic decisions of the users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

In accordance with International Auditing Standard 320, section 5, the concept of materiality is applied by the auditor both in planning and performing the audit, and in evaluating the effect of identified misstatements on the audit and of uncorrected misstatements, if any, on the financial statements and in forming the opinion in the auditor's report. Hence all auditor's assertions and statements contained in the auditor's report are made with the contemplation of the qualitative and quantitative materiality levels established in accordance with auditing standards and auditor's professional judgment.

The scope of the audit does not include assurance on the future profitability of the Group nor effectiveness of conducting business matters now and in the future by the Parent Company's Management Board.

Throughout the audit in accordance with NAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism and we also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control,
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control,



- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent Company's Management Board,
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Parent Company's Management Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our independent auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our independent auditor's report, however, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern,
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation,
- we obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities and business activities within the Group for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are solely responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the Group and we remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the members of the Parent Company's Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We provide the members of the Parent Company's Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated to the members of the Parent Company's Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other information, including the Directors' Report

The other information comprises the Directors' Report on the Group's operations for the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 (the "Directors' Report"), the representation on the corporate governance and the representation on preparation of the statement on non-financial information, which is a separate element of this report (jointly "Other Information").

Responsibilities of the Parent Company's Management Board and members of the Supervisory Board

The Parent Company's Management Board is responsible for the preparation the Other Information in accordance with the law.

The Parent Company's Management Board and members of the Parent Company's Supervisory Board are required to ensure that the Directors' Report meets the requirements of the Accounting Act.

Auditor's responsibility

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not include the Other Information. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether it is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact in our independent auditor's report. Our responsibility in accordance with the Act on Statutory Auditors is also to issue an opinion on whether the Directors' Report was prepared in accordance with relevant laws and that it is consistent with the information contained in the consolidated financial statements.

In addition, we are required to issue an opinion on whether the Parent Company has included the required information in the representation on application of corporate governance.



Opinion on the Directors' Report

Based on the work performed during our audit, in our opinion, the Directors' Report:

- has been prepared in accordance with the article 49 of the Accounting Act,
- is consistent with the information contained in the consolidated financial statements.

Moreover, based on our knowledge of the Group and its environment obtained during our audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Opinion on the corporate governance application representation

In our opinion, in the representation on application of corporate governance, the Group has included information stipulated in paragraph 70, section 6, point 5 of the Decree on current and periodic information.

Moreover, in our opinion, the information stipulated in paragraph 70, section 6, point 5 letter c-f, h and i of the Decree included in the representation on application of corporate governance is in accordance with applicable laws and information included in the consolidated financial statements.

Representation on the provision of non-audit services

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we represent that services other than audits of the financial statements, which have been provided to the Group, are compliant with the laws and regulations applicable in Poland, and that we have not provided non-audit services, which are prohibited based on article 5 item 1 of EU Regulation and article 136 of the Act on Statutory Auditors. The non-audit services, which we have provided to the Group in the audited period, have been disclosed in the Directors' Report.



Appointment of the audit firm

We were appointed for the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements initially based on the resolution of the Parent Company's Supervisory Board from 20 March 2018. We have been auditing the Group's consolidated financial statements continuously since the financial year ended 31 December 2018; for the next two consecutive years.

Wrocław, 26 March 2020

Key Certified Auditor

Signed with a certificate issued for Marek Andrzej Musiał (Qualified Certificate) Created on: 202-03-26 11:52:13 + 0100

> Marek Musiał Certified auditor no in the register: 90036

on behalf of: Ernst & Young Audyt Polska spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością sp. k. Rondo ONZ 1, 00 -124 Warszawa no on the audit firm list: 130